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| --- | --- |
| **DOKTORAND:** |  |
| **GRAD:** | Philosophiae doctor |
| **FAKULTET:** | Det medisinske fakultet |
| **INSTITUTT:** |  |
| **FAGOMRÅDE:** |  |
| **VEILEDERE:** |  |
| **DISPUTASDATO:** |  |
|  |  |
| **AVHANDLINGENS TITTEL:** | *Tittelen i kursiv* |
|  |  |

**Please insert a brief POPULAR SCIENCE SUMMARY (IN NORWEGIAN) here:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **DOCTORAL CANDIDATE:** |  |
| **DEGREE:** | Philosophiae doctor |
| **FACULTY:** | Faculty of Medicine |
| **DEPARTMENT:** |  |
| **AREA OF EXPERTICE:** |  |
| **SUPERVISORS:** |  |
| **DATE OF DISPUTATION:** |  |
|  |  |
| **DISSERTATION TITLE:** | *Title in cursive* |
|  |  |

**Please insert A BRIEF PROFESSIONAL SUMMARY of the thesis in English:**

**Short description of your doctoral thesis**

In connection with the doctoral degree conferral, we also need a short description of your doctoral thesis. See directions from the Dean below. Please place your description under the Dean's text examples.

**Presentation of your doctoral thesis - suggestions from the Dean**

It is very important that you give a short description of your work, **maximum 2 sentences.**

Maximum 15 seconds is at disposal for each presentation. Focus on your main message in a popularized language so that the audience can understand what you have researched. Your findings will not be understood if you use complicated terminology. The two sentences should explain the main theme of your thesis and what your results or findings were.

Work with the text and test it on relatives, friends and others who are not familiar with your field of expertise. Avoid using unnecessary words like "in his/her thesis, the PhD candidate NN has shown that", but write "NN has shown that". It is obvious that a doctoral degree conferral is about theses.

The following are two examples of good reviews:

**Ola Nordmann** has studied changes in the genetic material DNA in patients with colorectal cancer, and has shown that changes in two types of genes increase the risk of relapse of the cancer tumor. Such changes are particularly pronounced in younger cancer patients.

Natural killer cells are important cells in the immune system, because they can kill cancer cells and virus-infected cells. **Ingrid Nordkvinne** has studied new receptor molecules on the surface of such cells in order to understand how these killer cells can detect and kill cancer cells.

**Examples of expressions that most people do not understand**, but which are often used in candidates’ popular scientific presentations: methylation of the promoter region, covalent bonding, chemokine-induced expression of molecules, retrograde amnesia, residual, TOLL-like receptors, epistasis, apoptosis, reduced Q-takk, regression analysis, Chi-square test, etc.

**The text must be written in Norwegian,** please ask your supervisor for help if needed.

**Description of your doctoral thesis:**

*Please insert text here*